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A West Coast Perspective: Regional Ocean Partnerships & Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning

Jessica Hamilton Keys Natural Resources Policy Advisor Oregon Governor Ted Kulongoski

November 2, 2010

THE WHITE HOUSE

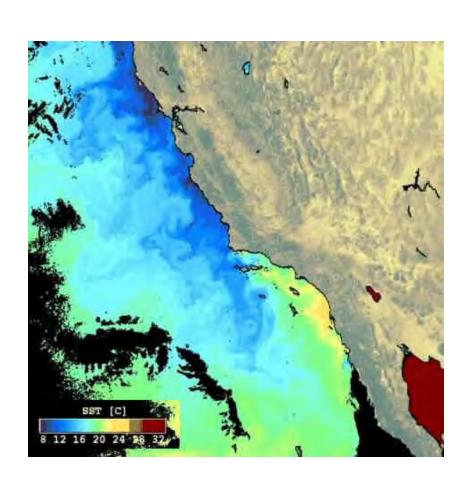
June 12, 2009

MEMORANDUM FOR THE HEADS OF EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENTS AND AGENCIES

SUBJECT: NATIONAL POLICY FOR THE OCEANS

...We have a stewardship responsibility to maintain healthy, resilient, and sustainable oceans, coasts, and Great Lakes resources for the benefit of this and future generations.

Coastal and Marine Spatial Planning (CMSP)



Geographic Scope

Regional scale planning based on eleven recognized Large Marine Ecosystems (LME)

The California Current
LME unites Oregon with
California and Washington

West Coast Collaboration



We have limited state jurisdiction and capacity to address the size and complexity of the marine ecosystem and diversity of its uses in federal waters





New state-federal partnerships and ecosystem-based management are needed to achieve long-term ocean stewardship

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Theodore R. Kulongoski Governor of Oregon



Arnold Schwarzenegger Governor of California

Christine O. Gregoire
Governor of
Washington

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Shared Priorities for the West Coast

- Ensure clean coastal waters and beaches
- Reduce adverse impacts of offshore development
- Protect and restore healthy ocean & coastal habitats
- Implement ecosystem-based management
- Foster sustainable economic development in coastal communities
- Increase ocean awareness and literacy
- Expand ocean and coastal scientific research

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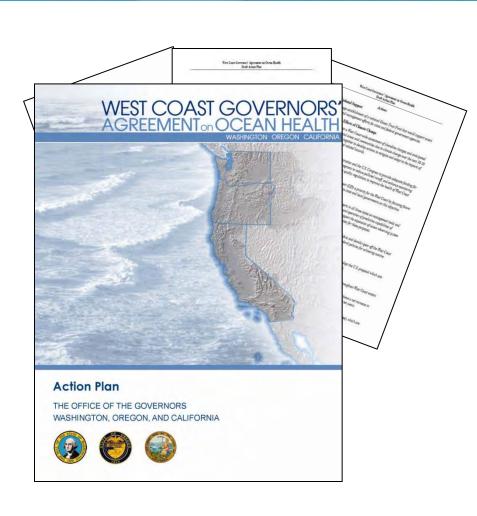
Executive Committee		
California	Oregon	Washington
Brian Baird	Jessica Keys	Bob Nichols
Assistant Secretary for Oceans	Natural Resource Policy Advisor	Policy Advisor
		Governor
Natural Resources	Governor	Gregoire's
Agency	Kulongoski's Office	Office

Federal Partners

- Usha Varanasi, Dept. of Commerce (NOAA)
- Alexis Strauss, Environmental Protection Agency
- Joan Barminski, Dept. of Interior (Ocean Energy Mgmt.)

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Examples of the 26 Actions of WCGA

- Mitigate and adapt to climate change & related coastal hazards
- Reduce marine debris
- Support working waterfronts
- Promote "clean ports" and the Clean Marinas Program
- Promote "low impact development" techniques
- Improve predictions of harmful algal blooms
- Support regional sediment management
- Oil spill prevention
- Ocean education for students and the public

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Action Coordination Teams (ACTs)

- 1. Seafloor mapping
- 2. Polluted runoff
- 3. Marine debris
- 4. Spartina eradication
- 5. Renewable ocean energy
- 6. Ocean education
- 7. Sediment management
- 8. Climate change
- 9. Integrated ecosystem assessments
- 10. Sustainable coastal communities

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By the year 2020, complete a seafloor map of the bathymetry, benthic substrate, relief, geology, and habitat of all state tidelands and submerged lands out to three miles.



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Habitat Protection and Restoration (Action 2.1)

Document, describe, and map marine and estuarine ecological communities throughout West Coast waters, characterize existing human uses of those areas, and establish measures to ensure effective habitat protection.

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Habitat Protection and Restoration (Action 2.2)

Restore estuarine habitats, including coastal wetlands, to achieve a net increase in habitat and their function by at least 10% over the next 10 years.

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Marine Invasive Species (Action 2.4)

Focus efforts on eradicating nonnative cordgrasses (genus *Spartina*) which are transported between the three states on ocean currents, as a pilot coast-wide eradication.

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Ecosystem-based Management (Action 3.1)

Examine ongoing community-based efforts using ecosystem management principles in all three states and share lessons learned from these initiatives to encourage effective ecosystem-based management efforts across the West Coast.

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Ecosystem-based Management (Action 3.2)

Assess physical, biological, chemical, and socio-economic factors in ecosystem health across the West Coast to establish standards and indicators for ocean health.

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Alternative Energy Development (Action 4.2)

Explore the feasibility for offshore alternative ocean energy development and evaluate the potential environmental impacts of these technologies.

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Common Goals Shared with the National CMSP Framework

- Reduce user conflicts and environmental impacts
- Support sustainable uses
- Promote resilient ecosystems
- Provide for public access
- Enhance interagency, intergovernmental and international communication and collaboration

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Common <u>Principles</u> Shared with the National CMSP Framework

- Adaptive management
- Precautionary approach
- Reduce conflicts of existing and emerging uses
- Involve partners, the public, and stakeholders through a transparent process
- Use best available science
- Ecosystem-based management

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Benefits of CMSP on Regional Level Leverage resources

- Integrate with and advance current state & regional priorities
 - Coordinated regionally, but planning and implementation will occur on state level
- Create common information & framework for planning
- Provide opportunities for increased collaboration with Tribes, scientists, stakeholders, and communities

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Challenges for Regional CMSP

- National consistency vs. regional flexibility
- Timeline
- Planning fatigue
- Scale
- Lack of capacity
- Changes in CA and OR Governors
- Adequate and sustained resources

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WCGA Federal Funding

Fiscal Year 2010: \$500,000 for WCGA

- Congressional leadership on Governors' request
- Pacific States Marine Fisheries Commission will manage the grants for the region
- Eight ACT work plans will be advanced

Fiscal Year 2011: (Not yet final)

- \$1 million for WCGA
- Compete with 8 regions for part of \$20 million
 - NOAA prioritizing marine spatial planning

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WCGA Strategic Discussions

- Supporting FY11 mark for \$20 million for Regional Ocean Partnerships (and preparing for FY12)
- Responding to Ocean Policy Task Force
 - Connecting CMSP to existing WCGA regional priorities
 - Integration and alignment with state efforts
 - Organizational adjustments and enhanced Tribal participation
 - Governance Coordinating Committee submission
 - Federal Funding Opportunity response

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Regional Ocean Partnership Funding Program

<u>California Workshop</u> Friday, November 12, San Francisco

Oregon Workshop Monday, November 15, Newport

Washington Workshop
Tuesday, November 16, Olympia

Proposals to due to NOAA December 10th

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www.westcoastoceans.gov







Thank you!

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ADDITIONAL SLIDES

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Definitions

A healthy ocean and coast means that...

marine, coastal, and estuarine ecosystems, the <u>watersheds</u> that drain into these waters, the plant and animal communities therein, and the physical, chemical, and biological processes involved are diverse and functioning, and the economies and people depending on them are thriving.

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Definitions

Ecosystem-based management (EBM) is...

a process that integrates ecological, social, and economic goals, recognizes humans as key components of the ecosystem, and considers ecological boundaries while acknowledging political borders. An EBM approach assesses cumulative impacts from various sources and strives to balance conflicting uses.



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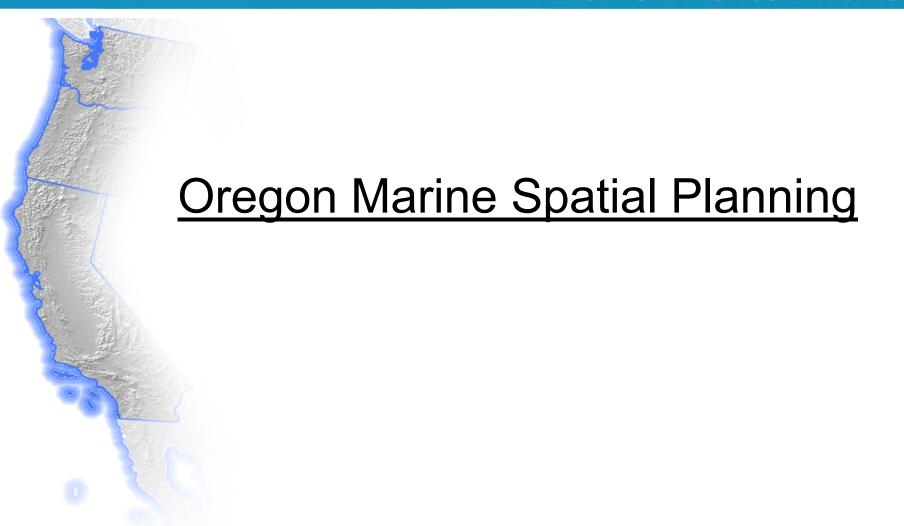
Future Exercise:

Identify West Coast Research Priorities

WCGA Goal: Create a regional research priority plan to strategically focus investments

Based on advice from Sea Grant and other marine experts, the WCGA will identify the top 3 to 5 research priorities for the California Current Large Marine Ecosystem.

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Statewide Goal 19, Ocean Resources

Protects

- Renewable Marine Resources
 i.e. Living Marine Resources
- Biological Diversity & Functional Integrity of Marine Ecosystems
- Important Marine Habitat
- Areas Important to Fisheries
 Commercial and Recreational
- Beneficial Uses:

Navigation, Recreation, Food Production, Aesthetic, Seafloor Uses

Governor Kulongoski's Executive Order 08-07 March 2008

Wave Energy

Develop a plan for Marine Renewable Energy Planning as an amendment to the Territorial Sea Plan (TSP).

Marine Reserves

State to move forward on a limited system of marine reserves

Ocean Renewable Energy



Phase 1

Territorial Sea Plan Amendment Part 5: Policies and Standards

2 stakeholder/public advisory committees

Advice from Ocean Policy Advisory Council

Adopted November 2009 by Land Conservation and Development Commission

Ocean Renewable Energy

Phase 2 of Amending the Territorial Sea Plan

Spatial Mapping Process

- Commercial and recreational fisheries data collected through local advisory committees (Dec. 2010)
- Ecological data: Oregon Dept. Fish and Wildlife and The Nature Conservancy (Spring 2011)
- Seafloor bathymetric and image data (Spring 2011)
- Recreational ocean use: on-line surveys (Fall 2010)
- Other spatial data on human uses, managed resources, physical conditions, and shoreland facilities (Fall 2010)

Spatial Mapping and Analysis: Fall 2011

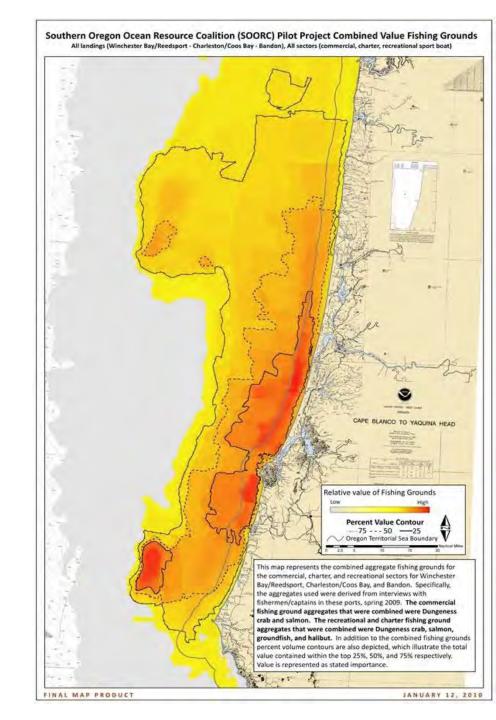
Valuable Fishing Areas

Map overlay of areas important to fisheries for:

- Coos Bay
- Charleston
- Bandon
- Reedsport

Data Collection for all ports to be completed by end 2010.

Surveys of commercial, charter and recreational fishing effort.



Protecting Habitat: Marine Reserves

Governor's Executive Order Set Sideboards for Process:

- Nine or fewer sites
- Ecologically meaningful
- Avoid significant socioeconomic hardship
- Reward collaboration

Ocean Policy Advisory Council (OPAC)

 Legislatively mandated marine policy advisory body

Public Submitted 20 proposals for further evaluation



Agency Analysis

Marine Reserves Legislation

- Sponsored by Coastal Caucus
- Implement OPAC recommendations on six areas
- Requires a marine reserves work plan
- Funding:
 - \$1 million of state funds allocated (New Carissa settlement funds)
 - Other funds can accept donations and grants
- Progress report to legislature on or before Nov. 30, 2010

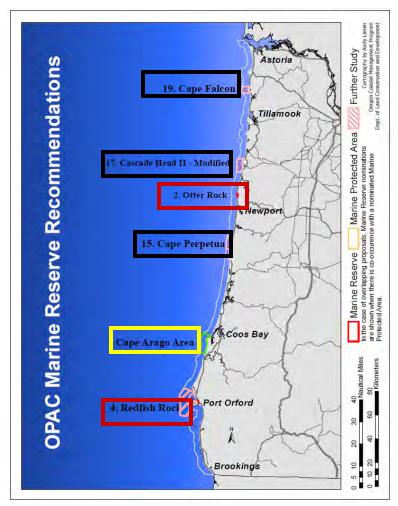


Marine Reserve Sites

Areas for new proposal

Pilot sites

Areas for further evaluation



- Proposal site: support development of new proposal
- Pilot sites: establish, study, monitor, evaluate, and enforce
- Evaluation sites: study and evaluate

Pilot Marine Reserve Sites

Otter Rock

Redfish Rocks





Community teams

Management plans

Socioeconomic Data

Ecological Data

- Baseline studies
 - oceanographic
 - habitat and species
- Monitoring reserve and comparison areas to evaluate effects of reserve designation

Marine Reserves: Future

- Proposal site: potential recommendation
- Pilot sites: implement monitoring plans with prohibitions taking effect in summer of 2010
- Evaluation sites: recommendations to ODFW and Legislature
- Continuation of community teams & public engagement through process
- Funding: secure diverse portfolio of federal, state, private

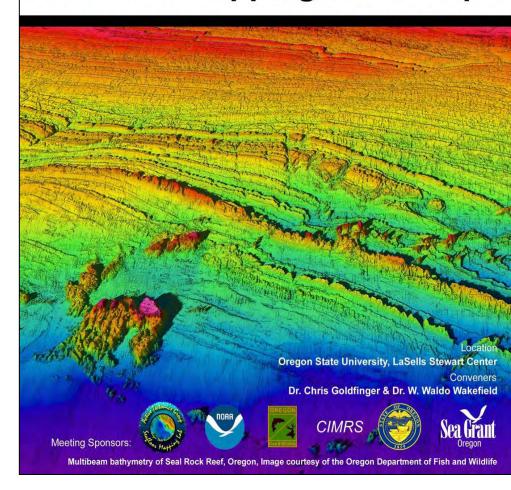


Data Layer needed for Marine Spatial Planning: Bathymetry

Seafloor mapping of the Territorial Sea

- Seafloor mapping workshop held
- Priority areas selected
- Collaboration by academia, private industry, fishing boats, agencies
- Field work completed 2010
- Mapping of nearly 50% of the Territorial Sea will be completed

Oregon State Seafloor Mapping Workshop



Marine Spatial Planning Needs

wave energy and beyond

- impact assessment
- mitigation
- monitoring design
- implementation

marine reserves and nearshore research

- monitoring and research
- enforcement
- outreach
- adaptive management
- community based projects

General Needs

- Data for decision making: integration, gap analysis, new data collection
- Scientific expert input and coordination
- Stakeholder: full engagement, minimize fatigue, coordinate effort, build capacity
- Research centers: economic development, research, education, and outreach